M2 - Hill Dyke Road, Wheathampstead, AL4 8TR				
Parish/Ward	Wheathampstead	Allocated site boundary (red line)	Original HELAA site boundary	
Hectares	3.55	Cross capyright and detabase rights 221 Ordnance Survey 1001855.	WH2821 WH2821 WH2821	
Proposed use	Residential 85 units (indicative)			
Proforma Ref	C-283			
HELAA Ref	WH-28-21			
Green Belt Sub Area Ref	SA-50 / RA-29			
Local Authority Boundary 🔨 HELAA Site Boundary 🔨 Urban Settlement 🧧 Green Belt Study Recommended Area				
Metropolitan Green Belt Green Belt Study Settlement Buffer (250m) Green Belt Study Settlement Buffer (400m)				

Site M2 - Hill Dyke Road, Wheathampstead

Source: Map from Reg 18 Local Plan Appendix 1

Site Description

The site is located to the south east of Wheathampstead. To the north of the site is Hill Dyke Road and residential dwellings, and residential to the west. To the south is open countryside and to the east is Dyke Lane, with woodland beyond. There are trees/vegetation partially along all boundaries of the site.

1. Distance to Key Services & Facilities (Approximate)

- 370 m to a primary school (Beech Hyde Primary School and Nursery)
- 4.3 km to a secondary school (Katherine Warington)
- 155 m to a bus stop (peak hourly day service) (Vale Court, Stop ID: hrtdagmd)
- 5.3 km to Harpenden mainline railway station
- 970 m to Wheathampstead district centre

Active modes of travel can reasonably be used by many residents of the site to access key services and facilities, although it is recognised that the distances vary considerably. The nearest bus stop (2 minutes) and primary school (5 minutes) are 10 minutes or less walking time. The Wheathampstead district centre (12 minutes) is 20 minutes or less walking time. The secondary school (54 minutes) and railway station (67 minutes) are further away, being significantly more than 20 minutes walking time. These facilities are too far for most people to walk on a daily basis. The longer journeys have the potential for a more rapid journey by

cycling, where there is a suitable route, or a bus journey provides an alternative sustainable travel option.

There are generally good conditions for walking and cycling from this site to facilities within the village which is also important in considering the likelihood of the residents using active travel modes to access the primary school, bus stops and shops. The roads within the village are mostly residential and relatively wide, and there are many high quality footways. Street lighting is present along many of the routes most likely to be used by pedestrians and cyclists.

It is recognised that there are challenges for the longer active travel journeys to facilities outside the village, such as secondary schools and railway stations, which are located in neighbouring towns, and accessed by rural routes. Rural routes can be unlit and without full footway provision in places. For some people, potential use could be limited in poor weather conditions and during shorter daylight hours.

2. Key Site Transport and Access Related Requirements

St Albans City and District Council Requirements

• The main site access must connect north on to Hill Dyke Road. Access on to Dyke Lane to the east must be for pedestrians and cyclists only, and not for vehicles.

Hertfordshire County Council Requirements

Hertfordshire County Council (HCC) has laid out a list of key development objectives and issues. These matters are expected to be incorporated into policies where possible and should be addressed by landowners and developers before planning permission is granted.

- From our initial review of the allocation, it is not considered possible that Dyke Lane can serve as the vehicle access route due the scale of development and nature of the lane meaning both policy and technical barriers to its use exist. However, active mode access should be provided.
- Contributions/enhancements are likely to be required to support relevant schemes in the LCWIP and GTPs, including but not limited to improvements to the B651 and connections to St Albans / Sandridge.
- Improvement of the Footpath across the Devil's Dyke to reduce recreational impact of walkers on the site.

3. Access Strategy

The site has direct access onto Hill Dyke Road. The main site access must connect north on to Hill Dyke Road. Access on to Dyke Lane to the east must be for pedestrians and cyclists only, and not for vehicles. A Transport Plan (LTP) compliant access strategy allowing safe access for all modes is deliverable.

4. COMET Model Forecast

The Comet Model Forecast shows that traffic impacts generated from the site and cumulative traffic in the area can be mitigated to a degree that can be acceptable regarding the NPPF test of 'severe' regarding congestion and safety. Overall there are 'no showstoppers'.

5. Sustainable Travel – Wheathampstead (Indicative Contributions)

This site will make significant contributions to sustainable travel for Wheathampstead. Indicative Contributions Total: 85 units x $\pm 6,826^1$ (HCC developer contributions) = $\pm 580,000$ This would be attributed as follows:

• See below.

6. Other Transport and Access Contributions (Indicative)

- Contributions/enhancements are likely to be required to support relevant schemes in the LCWIP and GTPs, including but not limited to improvements to the B651 and connections to St Albans / Sandridge.
- Improvement of the Footpath across the Devil's Dyke to reduce recreational impact of walkers on the site.
- Onsite transport and access arrangements as required by HCC and SADC policy.
- Public transport contributions as required by HCC.

Draft Local Plan Policy Transport Indicative Contributions

- E-bike Scheme estimated £85,000 (£1,000 per unit)
- Car Club estimated £85,000 (£1,000 per unit)

7. Conclusion

The site will be making significant contributions to sustainable travel for Wheathampstead.

An LTP compliant access strategy allowing safe access for all modes is deliverable.

The Comet Model Forecast shows that traffic impacts generated from the site and cumulative traffic in the area can be mitigated to a degree that can be acceptable regarding the NPPF test of 'severe' regarding congestion and safety.

Overall there are 'no showstoppers'.

¹ Contribution to be indexed for inflationary increase as required.

M9 - Amwell Top Field, Wheathampstead, AL4 8DZ					
Parish/Ward	Wheathampstead	Allocated site boundary (red line)	Original HELAA site boundary		
Hectares	4.27	Contains public sector information lisensel under the Dipin Government Lisence VB 5 Concess caparight and datasease signts 1815 Orshanse Survey 16081888.	C Bluesky International Ltd. / Getmapping PLC		
Proposed use	Residential 60 units (indicative)				
Proforma Ref	C-280				
HELAA Ref	WH-24-17				
Green Belt Sub Area Ref	SA-53 / RA-30				
🔨 Local Authority Boundary 🔨 HELAA Site Boundary 🔨 Urban Settlement 🛛 🔤 Green Belt Study Recommended Area					
Metropolitan Green Belt Green Belt Study Settlement Buffer (250m) Green Belt Study Settlement Buffer (400m)					

Site M9 – Amwell Top Field, Wheathampstead

Source: Map from Reg 18 Local Plan Appendix 1

Site Description

The site is located to the south west of Wheathampstead. Amwell Lane is to the north west of the site, with woodland and open fields beyond. To the north east are residential dwellings along High Ash Road and a playing field to the east. To the south and south west are open fields and woodland.

1. Distance to Key Services & Facilities (Approximate)

- 780 m to a primary school (St Helens Church of England Primary)
- 3.8 km to a secondary school (Katherine Warington School)
- 885 m to a bus stop (peak hourly day service) (Hill Dyke Road, Stop ID: hrtdagmp) or 615 m to the nearest bus stop (Church, along Brewhouse Hill)
- 4.5 km to Harpenden mainline railway station
- 930 m to Wheathampstead district centre

Active modes of travel can reasonably be used by many residents of the site to access key services and facilities, although it is recognised that the distances vary considerably. The nearest bus stop (8 minutes) and primary school (10 minutes) are 10 minutes or less walking time. The Wheathampstead District Centre (12 minutes) is 20 minutes or less walking time. The secondary school (48 minutes) and railway station (57 minutes) are further away, being significantly more than 20 minutes walking time. These facilities are too far for most people to walk on a daily basis. The longer journeys have the potential for a more rapid journey by

cycling, where there is a suitable route, or a bus journey provides an alternative sustainable travel option.

There are generally good conditions for walking and cycling from this site to facilities within the village which is also important in considering the likelihood of the residents using active travel modes to access the primary school, bus stops and shops. The roads within the village are mostly residential and relatively wide, and there are many high quality footways. Street lighting is present along many of the routes most likely to be used by pedestrians and cyclists.

It is recognised that there are challenges for the longer active travel journeys to facilities outside the village, such as secondary schools and railway stations, which are located in neighbouring towns, and accessed by rural routes. Rural routes can be unlit and without full footway provision in places. For some people, potential use could be limited in poor weather conditions and during shorter daylight hours.

2. Key Site Transport and Access Related Requirements

St Albans City and District Council Requirements

• Proposals must include improvements to the local footpath route network, including access to adjacent paths.

Hertfordshire County Council Requirements

Hertfordshire County Council (HCC) has laid out a list of key development objectives and issues. These matters are expected to be incorporated into policies where possible and should be addressed by landowners and developers before planning permission is granted.

- From our initial review of the allocation, it is not considered possible that Amwell Lane can serve as the access route due the scale of development and nature of the lane meaning both policy and technical barriers to its use exist. However, active mode access should be provided. More detailed work will be needed to support the allocation.
- The Existing footpath to the eastern boundary must be retained and accessed from the site. The is an opportunity to connect footpath 081 through the site to 027 via a walking route in the required open space would be welcomed.
- Upgrade Wheathampstead 027 to Bridleway and increased width to enable Active Travel between Wheathampstead, Noman's Land Common and Sandridge beyond.
- Contributions/enhancements are likely to be required to support relevant schemes in the LCWIP and GTPs, including but not limited to improvements to the B651 and connections to St Albans / Sandridge.

3. Access Strategy

The site has direct access onto Amwell Lane, however the nature of the lane means both policy and technical barriers exist. More detailed work will be needed. There is a reasonable

prospect that a Local Transport Plan (LTP) compliant access strategy allowing safe access for all modes is deliverable.

4. COMET Model Forecast

The Comet Model Forecast shows that traffic impacts generated from the site and cumulative traffic in the area can be mitigated to a degree that can be acceptable regarding the NPPF test of 'severe' regarding congestion and safety. Overall there are 'no showstoppers'.

5. Sustainable Travel – Wheathampstead (Indicative Contributions)

This site will make significant contributions to sustainable travel for Wheathampstead. Indicative Contributions Total: 60 units x $\pm 6,826^2$ (HCC developer contributions) = $\pm 410,000$ This would be attributed as follows:

• See below.

6. Other Transport and Access Contributions (Indicative)

- The Existing footpath to the eastern boundary must be retained and accessed from the site. The is an opportunity to connect footpath 081 through the site to 027 via a walking route in the required open space would be welcomed.
- Upgrade Wheathampstead 027 to Bridleway and increased width to enable Active Travel between Wheathampstead, Noman's Land Common and Sandridge beyond.
- Contributions/enhancements are likely to be required to support relevant schemes in the LCWIP and GTPs, including but not limited to improvements to the B651 and connections to St Albans / Sandridge.
- Proposals must include improvements to the local footpath route network, including access to adjacent paths.
- Onsite transport and access arrangements as required by HCC and SADC policy.
- Public transport contributions as required by HCC.

Draft Local Plan Policy Transport Indicative Contributions

- E-bike Scheme estimated £60,000 (£1,000 per unit)
- Car Club estimated £60,000 (£1,000 per unit)

7. Conclusion

The site will be making significant contributions to sustainable travel for Wheathampstead.

² Contribution to be indexed for inflationary increase as required.

There is a reasonable prospect that an LTP compliant access strategy allowing safe access for all modes is deliverable.

The Comet Model Forecast shows that traffic impacts generated from the site and cumulative traffic in the area can be mitigated to a degree that can be acceptable regarding the NPPF test of 'severe' regarding congestion and safety.

Overall there are 'no showstoppers'.

Site M24 - South of Codicote Road, Wheathampstead

M24 - South of Codicote Road, Wheathampstead, AL4 8GD					
Parish/Ward	Wheathampstead	Allocated site boundary (red line)	Original HELAA site boundary		
Hectares	1.00	to the first of th			
Proposed use	Residential 12 units (indicative)				
Proforma Ref	C-255		Sector Sector Sector		
HELAA Ref	WH-03-21		Citizen Citizen A Buezky International Ltd. / Getmapping FLC		
Green Belt Sub Area Ref	SA-44 / RA-26				
🔨 Local Authority Boundary 🔨 HELAA Site Boundary 🔨 Urban Settlement Green Belt Study Recommended Area					
Metropolitan Green Belt Green Belt Study Settlement Buffer (250m) Green Belt Study Settlement Buffer (400m)					

Source: Map from Reg 18 Local Plan Appendix 1

Site Description

The site is located north east of Wheathampstead Village. This site lies below the road level of Codicote Road, which runs adjacent to the northern boundary of the site, beyond which lies woodland. To the north west of the site is a residential property in large grounds. Housing on the former Murphys Chemicals site at Waddling Lane lies to the south and west of the site. A high embankment screens the site from the east, beyond which lie open fields. The site currently contains woodland, which screens the site on all sides, and a path.

1. Distance to Key Services & Facilities (Approximate)

- 1.1 km to a primary school (St Helens Church of England Primary School)
- 3.4 km to a secondary school (Katherine Warington)
- 575 m to a bus stop (peak hourly day service) (Rose Lane, Stop ID: hrtatmda)

- 5.2 km to Harpenden mainline railway station
- 590 m to Wheathampstead district centre

Active modes of travel can reasonably be used by many residents of the site to access key services and facilities, although it is recognised that the distances vary considerably. The nearest bus stop (8 minutes) and Wheathampstead District Centre (8 minutes) are 10 minutes or less walking time. The primary school (14 minutes) is 20 minutes or less walking time. The secondary school (43 minutes) and railway station (65 minutes) are further away, being significantly more than 20 minutes walking time. These facilities are too far for most people to walk on a daily basis. The longer journeys have the potential for a more rapid journey by cycling, where there is a suitable route, or a bus journey provides an alternative sustainable travel option.

There are generally good conditions for walking and cycling from this site to facilities within the village which is also important in considering the likelihood of the residents using active travel modes to access the primary school, bus stops and shops. The roads within the village are mostly residential and relatively wide, and there are many high quality footways. Street lighting is present along many of the routes most likely to be used by pedestrians and cyclists.

It is recognised that there are challenges for the longer active travel journeys to facilities outside the village, such as secondary schools and railway stations, which are located in neighbouring towns, and accessed by rural routes. Rural routes can be unlit and without full footway provision in places. For some people, potential use could be limited in poor weather conditions and during shorter daylight hours.

2. Key Site Transport and Access Related Requirements

St Albans City and District Council Requirements

• Safe site access for pedestrians, bicycles and vehicles must be provided, that connects onto and along Codicote Lane.

Hertfordshire County Council Requirements

Hertfordshire County Council (HCC) has laid out a list of key development objectives and issues. These matters are expected to be incorporated into policies where possible and should be addressed by landowners and developers before planning permission is granted.

- If the only access point for the site is from Codicote road, suitable walking and cycling enhancement to connect to the settlement will be required.
- If possible, a connection through to bridleway 012 to the south would be welcomed.
- Improvement of the Ayot Green Way as part of the National Cycle Network.
- Contributions/enhancements are likely to be required to support relevant schemes in the LCWIP and GTPs or other relevant transport strategies.

3. Access Strategy

The site has direct access onto Codicote Road. Safe site access for pedestrians, bicycles and vehicles must be provided, that connects onto and along Codicote Lane. There is a reasonable prospect that a Local Transport Plan (LTP) compliant access strategy allowing safe access for all modes is deliverable.

4. COMET Model Forecast

The Comet Model Forecast shows that traffic impacts generated from the site and cumulative traffic in the area can be mitigated to a degree that can be acceptable regarding the NPPF test of 'severe' regarding congestion and safety. Overall there are 'no showstoppers'.

5. Sustainable Travel – Wheathampstead (Indicative Contributions)

This site will make significant contributions to sustainable travel for Wheathampstead. Indicative Contributions Total: 12 units x $\pm 6,826^3$ (HCC developer contributions) = $\pm 82,000$ This would be attributed as follows:

• See below.

6. Other Transport and Access Contributions (Indicative)

- If the only access point for the site is from Codicote road, suitable walking and cycling enhancement to connect to the settlement will be required.
- If possible, a connection through to bridleway 012 to the south would be welcomed.
- Improvement of the Ayot Green Way as part of the National Cycle Network.
- Contributions/enhancements are likely to be required to support relevant schemes in the LCWIP and GTPs or other relevant transport strategies.
- Onsite transport and access arrangements as required by HCC and SADC policy.
- Public transport contributions as required by HCC.

Draft Local Plan Policy Transport Indicative Contributions

- E-bike Scheme estimated £12,000 (£1,000 per unit)
- Car Club estimated £12,000 (£1,000 per unit)

7. Conclusion

The site will be making significant contributions to sustainable travel for Wheathampstead.

³ Contribution to be indexed for inflationary increase as required.

There is a reasonable prospect that an LTP compliant access strategy allowing safe access for all modes is deliverable.

The Comet Model Forecast shows that traffic impacts generated from the site and cumulative traffic in the area can be mitigated to a degree that can be acceptable regarding the NPPF test of 'severe' regarding congestion and safety.

Overall there are 'no showstoppers'.