This leaflet can be obtained in alternative formats, e.g. in braille, large print, on audio tape, or e-mail by contacting the Council on telephone:
01727 819344 or 819345

The District Council Offices
textphone number is 01727 819570. The service is for customers with a hearing impairment.

Этот буклет можно получить в альтернативных форматах, например, в брайле, больших шрифтах, на аудиокассете, или электронной почтой, связавшись с Советом по телефону:
01727 819344 или 819345

Отдел Совета по вопросам планирования
номер телефона для слуховых проблем 01727 819570. Этот сервис предназначен для клиентов с нарушением слуха.

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LIVING IN A CONSERVATION AREA

What is a conservation area?

These are areas that are considered by the Council to be of ‘special architectural or historic interest, the character or appearance of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance’.

Conservation areas are aimed at protecting the overall character created by the quality and special interest of areas, as well as the individual buildings.

There are 18 conservation areas in St Albans District at present. Maps of these areas are available on the Council’s website.

How do I find out if my house is in a conservation area?

St Albans District Council’s Local Information Service (available on the website) is a map based system which contains this information. Alternatively, you can call a member of the Development Management or Conservation Team for this information.

How are conservation areas designated?

Section 69 of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 imposes a duty on local planning authorities to designate conservation areas. The Council, as the Local Planning Authority, is under a continuous duty to consider if it should designate new conservation areas, or extend existing ones. The Council can also remove the designation of an area or part of an area if it loses its special interest.

When considering the designation of a conservation area the Council will take into account the factors that create special character within an historic area, for example historic buildings, historic street patterns, layout of property boundaries and thoroughfares; characteristic materials; landscaping and important open spaces; the quality of advertisements, shop fronts, street furniture and landscaping; views along streets and between buildings; and details that provide ‘local’ character.
The first stage in the designation of a conservation area will usually be an appraisal of the area to determine its special architectural or historic character and to assess its worthiness as a conservation area. A public consultation exercise may be carried out to determine the views of the people who live in that area. This appraisal report will then be considered by the Portfolio Holder, and a decision made as to whether or not the area should be designated. Once an area has been designated, a public notice describing the boundary will be published in at least one local newspaper and in the London Gazette. The Council must also notify the Secretary of State for Culture, Media and Sport, and English Heritage.

What are locally listed buildings?

In addition to statutorily listed buildings (see the Council’s advisory leaflet, Listed Buildings), there are a number of valuable 18th, 19th and 20th century buildings which are considered to be of some architectural or historic importance, and which positively contribute to the character of the conservation area, but are not on the statutory list. Although often of more modest quality, they have nevertheless become an important part of the familiar scene and help to illustrate the social, historic and architectural development of the area. Many contain architectural features and details that are unlikely to be repeated in modern buildings. These buildings will normally be identified during the initial conservation area appraisal or later during a more detailed study, and will be considered and agreed by the Portfolio Holder.

Proposals to demolish such buildings, or that involve unsympathetic alterations including the loss of valuable features, are unlikely to receive consent.

How do I find out if my house is locally listed?

St Albans District Council’s Local Information Service (available on the website) is a map based system which contains this information. Alternatively, you can call a member of the Development Management or Conservation Team for this information.
How am I affected as a homeowner in a conservation area?

Some minor alterations to residential properties and the erection of some outbuildings can normally be carried out without planning permission from the Council. This development is called residential ‘permitted development’. The designation of a conservation area introduces extra restrictions to ‘permitted development’. The Council’s Development Management Team can provide more information about whether works require planning or fall under permitted development.

Most demolition work requires Conservation Area Consent and it is advisable to check with the Council’s Development Management Team before carrying out any demolition in a conservation area.

Where the Council has not yet produced a ‘local list’ of buildings for a particular conservation area, the Council will have to consider whether or not a particular building makes a positive contribution to the conservation area as part of the consideration of an application. If it does contribute, it will be treated in the same way as a locally listed building.

What can I do to protect the conservation area?

Estate agents now agree that where original features like windows and doors are retained, houses will hold their value to a much greater extent, and that unsympathetic alterations can reduce the value of your property. Therefore, whether or not planning permission is required, it is important to avoid unsympathetic alterations that can be damaging to the historic street scene, such as unsuitably designed replacement windows. The leaflet, Conservation Areas, a Householder’s Guide (available from the Council) sets out best practice for maintaining the character of your house.

What is an Article 4 Direction?

Within certain parts of a conservation area an ‘Article 4 Direction’ may also exist. The aim of an ‘Article 4 Direction’ is to retain or encourage reinstatement of historically correct features of the
street. They are designed to protect particularly vulnerable parts of conservation areas from potentially harmful alterations. Within these areas most types of ‘permitted development’ rights are withdrawn, so that nearly all types of development and external alterations need planning permission. Please check with the Council’s Development Management or Conservation and Design Team; leaflets on the St Albans Article 4 Direction areas are also available from the Customer Service Centre or the Council’s website.

**Trees**

Trees have legal protection in conservation areas. This means before you top, lop, fell or uproot any trees over 75mm in diameter, you must give the Council’s Trees and Woodlands Officer at least six weeks’ written notice.

**Applying for consent to develop in a conservation area**

A designated conservation area does not mean that all changes will be prevented; it simply means that the Council must, and will, pay special regard to whether the proposed change will ‘preserve or enhance’ the character or appearance of a conservation area. Most applications in a conservation area should be accompanied by the following:

- a plan with the application building or site outlined in red;
- fully detailed and clearly labelled existing and proposed scaled drawings of all affected external elevations
- a design and access statement

**How long does it take?**

Applications for development affecting conservation areas must normally be advertised in the local paper and a site notice will also normally be put up. As a rule, the decision will be given within eight weeks. For this to be done, it is essential that that the necessary information is supplied with the application to avoid delay. Should your application be refused, you are entitled to appeal. However, it is advisable to discuss proposals with the Officer who dealt with your application, because you may instead be advised to submit a revised proposal that would be acceptable.

**Other sources of information**

*National Planning Policy Framework*, March 2012

*St Albans District Plan Review 1994*, St Albans City and District Council

Conservation Area Character Statements, St Albans City and District Council

**The Victorian Society**  
1 Priory Gardens  
Bedford Park  
London W4 1TT  
Tel: 0208 994 1019

**The Twentieth Century Society**  
70 Cowcross Street  
London EC1 M6BP  
Tel: 0207 250 3857

**The Georgian Group**  
37 Spital Square  
London E1 6DY  
Tel: 020 7377 1644

*Further information*

This advisory leaflet is intended to be a helpful and useful source of information and not binding on any party. The Council offers no guarantee or warranties concerning the accuracy of the information supplied.