

Weekly benefit award

'Award' means what we can pay you. This is the amount of benefit you'll get before any deductions.

Net benefit payable

This is the weekly amount of benefit you will get.

Weekly gross rent/council tax

This is the total amount of rent / council tax that your benefit is based on.

This will be paid on

This is the date you or your landlord will receive your benefit. If we owe you money, you may receive it earlier than this date. If you are a council tenant the benefit will be credited to your rent account.

Your weekly earned income

Your earnings shown as a weekly figure after deductions for tax, National Insurance and half of any pension contribution.

Any other income

This means all other types of income, including tax credits, child benefit, state benefits, private pensions. They're added together and shown here.

Disregarded income

We ignore some income when we work out your benefit, for example disability living allowance, child benefit, attendance allowance, maintenance.

Expenses

When calculating your entitlement some expenses like Child Care Costs or Private Pension Contributions can be deducted from your earnings

St Albans City & District Council, Benefits Service, District Council Offices, Civic Centre, St Albans Herts AL1 3JE E-Mail: benefits@stalbans.gov.uk Tel: 01727 819220			
BENEFIT DECISION NOTICE Please read the notes overleaf carefully. A more detailed explanation of this calculation can be provided on request			
MRS LORRAINE SMITH 12A BENEFITS STREET ST ALBANS HERTS AL8 2CD	Claim Reference	00000000	
	Council Tax Reference		
	Landlord Reference		
	Rent Reference	00000000	
	Date	21 Jan 2016	
	Benefit Enquiries	01727 819220	
REASON FOR CALCULATION: Change To Your/Partner'S Earnings			
HOUSING BENEFIT			
The Weekly Benefit Award is:	£106.66		
Less Overpayment Recovery:	£11.10		
Net Benefit Payable:	£95.56		
Weekly gross Rent/Council Tax is:	£121.79		
Amount you must pay weekly:	£26.23		
The Benefit Starts on:	18 Jan 2016		
Weekly Eligible Rent/Council Tax:	£121.79		
Weekly Ineligible Service Charges:	£0.00		
The first payment will be:	£106.66		
This will be paid on:	25 Jan 2016		
Payment will be made by:	credit to your rent account		
Future payments will be made:	credit to your rent account		
NON DEPENDANT DEDUCTIONS:	£15.13		
NAME	GROSS INCOME (WEEKLY)	INCOME BAND	DEDUCTION (RENT) DEDUCTION (COUNCIL TAX)
B ANDERSON	£0.00	Not in remunerative work	£15.13
In working out your weekly benefit, we have used the following information:			
FINANCIAL DETAILS:			
Your weekly earned income	£0.00	APPLICABLE AMOUNT	
Your partner's weekly earned income	£213.71	Family premium	£17.45
Any other income (converted to weekly)	£276.64	Disabled child premium	£60.06
Assumed Income from £989 Capital	£0.00	Young person 11 years old	£66.90
TOTAL WEEKLY INCOME	£490.35	Couple one or both over 18	£114.85
Disregarded income	£179.30	Carer premium	£34.60
Less Expenses	£0.00	Enhanced Disability - Young Person	£24.43
INCOME USED IN CALCULATION	£311.05	Young person 12 to 14	£66.90
		Young person under 11	£66.90
		TOTAL APPLICABLE AMOUNT	£452.09
You may be entitled to further assistance. Please contact your local Benefits Agency for more information.			
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YOU MUST TELL US IMMEDIATELY IF YOUR CIRCUMSTANCES CHANGE			

Overpayment recovery

If you have an overpayment of housing benefit, we may recover this from your ongoing entitlement. The amount shown is the weekly amount we're taking from your housing benefit entitlement.

Amount you must pay weekly

If applicable, this is the amount of rent you need to pay from the date the benefit starts on.

Non-dependant deductions

This is money taken off your benefit because you have other adults, apart from your partner, living in your home.

Your partner's weekly earned income

Your partner's earnings shown as a weekly figure after deductions for tax, National Insurance and half of any pension contribution.

Applicable amount

This is the figure that we must use as the amount needed for day-to-day living expenses. It's dependent upon your household circumstances.

Assumed income from capital

We must assume you have an income from money in bank accounts, savings or investments.

The amounts we have to assume are fixed, and based on your total savings and capital.