VALIDATION CHECKLIST – OUTLINE PLANNING APPLICATION WITH SOME MATTERS RESERVED

The following information (on both the national and local list of requirements) in the validation checklist must be submitted with your application for it to be accepted as valid and for consideration of your application to begin. We encourage you to submit all applications online via the Planning Portal. However, if you choose to post, please provide 2 copies of hard documents or 1 copy of hard documents and a CD with plans no larger than A3 and to scale. If any of the required information is not submitted with your application, you should submit written justification as to why you consider it is not appropriate in the particular circumstances of your proposed development.

	National List of Require	ements		
Document Required	Guidance Notes	Where to look for further assistance	Policy Driver	Provided (Y/N)
Completed application form, ownership certificate and agricultural land declaration	It is recommended that applications are submitted through the Planning Portal. Application form must be completed in full, signed and dated. The description of the development should be concise and must accurately reflect all aspects of the proposal requiring planning permission.	https://www.planningport al.co.uk/applications https://www.gov.uk/guida nce/making-an- application#Ownership- Certificate-and- Agricultural-Land-	Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure Order) 2015 (as amended)	
	The ownership certificate must be provided where there are owners of the site other than the applicant.	<u>Declaration</u>		
Location Plan	 This drawing should: Contain a scale bar Normally be at a scale of 1:1250 or 1:2500 (metric). Be up to date Include the direction of north Include sufficient named roads to identify the exact location of the site (wherever possible at least 	https://www.planningport al.co.uk/applications https://www.gov.uk/guida nce/making-an- application#Plans-and- drawings	Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure Order) 2015 (as amended)	

	 two) Include all the surrounding buildings, roads and footpaths on land adjoining the site Include a red line around all land required for the development (e.g. land required for access to the site from a public highway, visibility splays, landscaping, car parking and open areas around buildings) Include a blue line around all other land owned by the applicant close to or adjoining the application site 			
Design and Access Statement	 Required for major development and for sites situated within a conservation area where the proposal consists of: One or more dwellings; or A building or buildings with a floor area of 100 square metres or more. A Design and Access Statement must: explain the design principles and concepts that have been applied to the development; demonstrate how the design of the development takes the context of the site into account; explain the approach to access, and how Local Plan policies relating to access have been 	https://www.gov.uk/guida nce/making-an- application#Design-and- Access-Statement https://www.designcounc il.org.uk/resources/guide/ design-and-access- statements-how-write- read-and-use-them	Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure Order) 2015 (as amended)	

	 taken into account; state what, if any, consultation has been undertaken on issues relating to access to the development and how this has informed the approach to access; and explain how any specific issues which might affect access to the development have been addressed. 		
Relevant fee	Cheques should be made payable to: SADC or credit card payment should be made by calling 01727 866100. Alternatively applications made through the Planning Portal include a secure online payment facility.	Please see https://1app.planningport al.co.uk/FeeCalculator/St andalone?region=1 to assist in the calculation of the planning fee https://ecab.planningport al.co.uk/uploads/english application_fees.pdf	Town and Country Planning (Fees for Applications, Deemed Applications, Requests and Site Visits) (England) Regulations 2012 (as amended)
Environmental Impact Assessment.	Required in connection with all development identified within Schedule 1 or 2 of the Regulations and which in accordance with Schedule 3 would constitute EIA developmentPrior to making an application, applicants are encouraged to apply for a screening opinion to determine whether the proposed development	https://www.gov.uk/guida nce/environmental- impact-assessment	The Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2017

	requires an Environmental Statement An application for a Scoping Opinion can be made to determine the content and scope of the Environmental Statement Where required an Environmental Statement in the form set out in Schedule 4 of the regulations should be provided			
	Local List of Requiren			
Requirements	Guidance Notes	Where to look for further assistance	Policy Driver	Provided (Y/N)
Block Plan	 Required when layout is being sought. This drawing should: Contain a scale bar Normally be at a scale of 1:200 or 1:500 (metric) Include the direction of north Show the proposed development in relation to the site boundaries and other existing buildings on the site Show all buildings, roads and footpaths on land adjoining the site including access arrangements Show all public rights of way crossing or adjoining the site 	Additional plans and drawings will in most cases be necessary to describe the proposed development, as required by the legislation (see <u>article</u> <u>7(1)(c)(ii) of the Town</u> <u>and Country Planning</u> <u>(Development</u> <u>Management Procedure</u> <u>(England) (Order) 2015</u> .	See <u>article</u> <u>7(1)(c)(ii) of the</u> <u>Town and</u> <u>Country Planning</u> <u>(Development</u> <u>Management</u> <u>Procedure</u> (England) (Order) <u>2015</u>	

	 Show the position of all trees on the site and adjacent land Show the extent and type of any hard surfacing Show the type and height of boundary treatment (e.g. walls, fences etc.) 			
Existing and proposed elevations (at a scale of 1:50 or 1:100);	 Required when appearance is being sought These drawings should: Contain a scale bar Normally be at a scale of 1:50 or 1:100 (metric) Should clearly show the proposed works in relation to what is already there Show all sides of the proposal Show where a proposed elevation adjoins or is in close proximity to another building Drawings should clearly show the relationship between the buildings and detail positions of the openings on each property 	Additional plans and drawings will in most cases be necessary to describe the proposed development, as required by the legislation (see <u>article</u> <u>7(1)(c)(ii) of the Town</u> <u>and Country Planning</u> <u>(Development</u> <u>Management Procedure</u> <u>(England) (Order) 2015</u> .	See <u>article</u> <u>7(1)(c)(ii) of the</u> <u>Town and</u> <u>Country Planning</u> <u>(Development</u> <u>Management</u> <u>Procedure</u> (England) (Order) <u>2015</u>	
Existing and proposed floor plans (at a scale of 1:50 or 1:100);	Required when layout is being sought These drawings should: • Contain a scale bar • Normally be at a scale of 1:50 or	Additional plans and drawings will in most cases be necessary to describe the proposed development, as required by the	See <u>article</u> <u>7(1)(c)(ii) of the</u> <u>Town and</u> <u>Country Planning</u> <u>(Development</u> <u>Management</u>	

	 1:100 (metric) Include written dimensions to show overall size of any new buildings or extensions. Show where existing buildings or walls are to be demolished (if applicable) Show details of the layout of existing building(s) as well as those for the proposed development 	legislation (see <u>article</u> 7(1)(c)(ii) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure (England) (Order) 2015.	<u>Procedure</u> (England) (Order) <u>2015</u>	
Existing and proposed site sections and finished floor and site levels (at a scale of 1:50 or 1:100);	 Required when scale is being sought. These drawings should: Contain a scale bar Normally be at a scale of 1:50 or 1:100 (metric) Show how proposed buildings relate to existing site levels and neighbouring development (with levels related to a fixed datum point off site) Show details of existing and proposed foundations and eaves where a change is proposed and how encroachment onto adjoining land is to be avoided 	Additional plans and drawings will in most cases be necessary to describe the proposed development, as required by the legislation (see <u>article</u> <u>7(1)(c)(ii) of the Town</u> <u>and Country Planning</u> <u>(Development</u> <u>Management Procedure</u> <u>(England) (Order) 2015</u> .	See <u>article</u> <u>7(1)(c)(ii) of the</u> <u>Town and</u> <u>Country Planning</u> <u>(Development</u> <u>Management</u> <u>Procedure</u> <u>(England) (Order)</u> <u>2015</u>	
Roof plans (at a scale of 1:50 or 1:100).	Required when appearance is being sought. These drawings should:	Additional plans and drawings will in most cases be necessary to describe the proposed	See <u>article</u> 7(1)(c)(ii) of the Town and Country Planning	

	 Contain a scale bar Normally be at a scale of 1:50 or 1:100 (metric). Show the shape of the roof, its location and any features such as chimney positions or windows 	development, as required by the legislation (see <u>article</u> <u>7(1)(c)(ii) of the Town</u> <u>and Country Planning</u> <u>(Development</u> <u>Management Procedure</u> (England) (Order) 2015.	(Development <u>Management</u> <u>Procedure</u> (England) (Order) <u>2015</u>	
Street scene drawings.	 Required when appearance and/or scale is being sought Normally required when there is a notable difference in height between a proposed development and the neighbouring buildings. These drawings should: Contain a scale bar Be of a scale of 1:100 or 1:200 As a minimum, accurately show the height and outline of neighbouring dwellings/buildings and the position and size of windows/doors Accurately show any differences in levels, including dimensions Include written dimensions for gaps between buildings 	Additional plans and drawings will in most cases be necessary to describe the proposed development, as required by the legislation (see <u>article</u> <u>7(1)(c)(ii) of the Town</u> <u>and Country Planning</u> <u>(Development</u> <u>Management Procedure</u> <u>(England) (Order) 2015</u> .	See <u>article</u> <u>7(1)(c)(ii) of the</u> <u>Town and</u> <u>Country Planning</u> <u>(Development</u> <u>Management</u> <u>Procedure</u> (England) (Order) <u>2015</u>	
Affordable Housing Statement	Required for applications providing 15 or more new residential units. The statement should set out: • The number, size (number of		National Planning Policy Framework Policy 7A of the St Albans District	

	 bedrooms) and type of proposed affordable units including their proposed location Details of size of each type (square metre) Details of future management and tenure Contact details for the chosen Registered Provider; or, Confirmation of the agreement for the financial contribution when requested 		Local Plan Review 1994 SPG – Affordable Housing (March 2004)	
Agricultural Appraisal	You will only need to provide this information with applications that propose new dwellings for agricultural workers. This information should include both functional and financial evidence to demonstrate that there is an agricultural need for a permanent dwelling and that there are no suitable dwellings available in the locality.		National Planning Policy Framework	
Agricultural Land Survey	This may be required if the proposal relates to the loss of agricultural land.	https://www.gov.uk/gover nment/publications/agric ultural-land-assess- proposals-for- development/guide-to- assessing-development- proposals-on-	Policy 102 of the St Albans District Local Plan Review 1994 and the National Planning Policy Framework.	

		agricultural-land		
Air Quality Impact Assessment	An assessment of potential impacts of the development on local air quality should be provided which should outline the proposed mitigation measures where necessary. For sensitive uses within the AQMA, proposed mitigation measures only would normally be required.	This information is required for an application which proposes a use or development which has the potential to impact air quality and is located within an Air Quality Management Area or if the proposal is for a sensitive use (e.g. a new residential use) located within the AQMA.	National Planning Policy Framework	
Archaeology Assessment	 An archaeological desk based assessment is required for all applications where groundworks are proposed within a: Scheduled monument Archaeological sites for local preservation Archaeological sites subject to recording conditions A desk based assessment should: Detail previous nearby finds recorded in the heritage environment record 	Find out about archaeological assessments and evaluations at <u>http://www.archaeologist</u> <u>s.net/codes/ifa</u>	National Planning Policy Framework Policy 111 of the St Albans District Local Plan Review 1994	

	 Discuss the archaeological potential of the site A written scheme of investigation may be required. Where such proposals include new basements, extensions to basements or other extensive groundworks, the results of an archaeological evaluation should be included. 			
Biodiversity Survey and Report	You will need to provide this with applications where the type and location of development are such that the impact on biodiversity may be significant. A Preliminary Ecological Appraisal survey and report should provide an initial assessment of the impact of the proposed development on wildlife. Proposals for mitigation or compensation measures including the protection of habitats, and provision of new habitats, should also be included where appropriate. For all sites, account should be taken of the timing of both surveys and site work, particularly in relation to nesting birds, priority species and habitats. Where protected and priority species are known or have the potential to be	https://www.gov.uk/guida nce/protected-species- how-to-review-planning- applications#when- applicants-need-a- species-survey https://www.hertfordshire .gov.uk/services/recyclin g-waste-and- environment/bio- diversity- wildlife/hertfordshire- ecological-advice- service.aspx	National Planning Policy Framework	

	 present an Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey should be carried out. Depending on the results of the initial survey, further protected species surveys may be required. The information submitted should also be capable of assessment under the requirements of the Habitat Regulations. The demolition of buildings in areas where bat activity has been identified will require a Preliminary Roost Assessment. 			
Daylight/Sunlight Assessment	Required when scale is being sought. All applications for tall buildings and proposals that break the established building grain and street pattern or there will be an effect on light sensitive buildings. Where primary side facing windows exist adjacent to the proposed development, a Daylight and Sunlight Assessment will be required in order to establish the level of harm which would occur from the proposed development. This information should include diagrams of how the shadows of the building will impact on neighbours for all four quarters of the year. Both diagrammatic and technical information may be required (in certain circumstances therefore it may need to be demonstrated that the	https://www.bregroup.co m/services/testing/indoor -environment- testing/natural-light/	National Planning Policy Framework Policy 70 and 72 of the St Albans District Local Plan Review 1994.	

Design Codes	guidance set out in the BRE's Site Layout For Daylight and Sunlight: A Guide to Good Practice (2 nd edition) have been achieved).Required for Broad LocationsRequirements as specified within Strategic Sites Masterplanning Toolkit May 2019 for outline planning applications.	See www.stalbans.gov.uk for the Strategic Sites Masterplanning Toolkit.	St Albans City and District Local Plan 2020-2036
Flood Risk Assessment	 Required for sites of more than 1 ha. In Flood Zone 1. Required for all new development in Flood Zones 2 and 3. The FRA should: Assess the existing situation Assess whether the proposal is likely to be affected by current or future flooding from any source Satisfy the LPA that the development is safe and where possible reduces flood risk overall State whether it will increase flood risk elsewhere and identify opportunities to reduce the probability and consequences of flooding Include proposed mitigating measures to be undertaken to deal with the effects and risks of 	https://www.gov.uk/guida nce/flood-risk- assessment-for- planning-applications	National Planning Policy Framework Policy 84 of the St Albans District Local Plan Review 1994.

Foul sewage and utilities assessment	flooding, taking climate change into account The FRA should include the design of surface water management systems including Sustainable Drainage (SUDS) and address the requirement for safe access to and from the development in areas at risk of flooding. The FRA should provide evidence that demonstrates, where required, the Sequential and Exception Test of NPPF have been met Required where the proposed development involves connection to foul and storm water sewers. The applicant will be required to demonstrate that, following consultation with the service provider, the availability of	Relevant technical guidance is provided in Building Regulations Approved Document Part H (Drainage and	National Planning Policy Framework	
	drainage/sewerage infrastructure capacity has been examined and the proposal would not result in undue stress on this infrastructure.	waste disposal).		
Heritage Statement	 This is required for Applications which are likely to affect: Designated heritage assets (e.g. Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) 	https://historicengland.or g.uk/content/docs/guidan ce/statements-of- heritage-significance- consultation-draft/	National Planning Policy Framework	
	Non designated heritage assets such as Locally Listed Buildings,	This information can be found by using the		

	Areas of local archaeological	Planning Constraints		
	importance and Locally Listed	map layers in our Local		
	Gardens	Information Service on		
		the Council's website:		
	The Statement should:	http://gis.stalbans.gov.uk		
		/wmlcustomerservice/		
	As a minimum reference the			
	appropriate Historic Environment			
	Records.			
	Shall state the significance of the			
	heritage asset, including any			
	contribution made by its setting. In			
	some applications this may be			
	limited to the areas affected by the			
	proposals.			
	Shall contain an impact			
	assessment which describes any			
	potential impact of the proposals			
	on the significance of heritage			
	assets affected, including any			
	contribution made by their setting.			
	In some applications this may be			
	limited to the areas affected by the			
	proposals			
	Include a structural survey (if			
	required)			
Land Contamination	Where contamination is known or		National Planning	
Assessment	suspected, i.e. potentially contaminative		Policy Framework	
	former use such as			
	industrial/commercial/agricultural. A Land			
	Contamination Assessment should be			
	carried out by or under the direction of a			

	suitably qualified competent person.		
Landscape and Visual Appraisal	Required for all applications that would	Appointment of a	National Planning
or Landscape and Visual Impact	impact on the character and visual	landscape professional	Policy Framework
Assessment (including	amenity of the countryside or rural fringe.	https://www.landscapei	
proposed landscaping details	Where the impact is judged to need a	nstitute.org/technical-	
where necessary)	more rigorous assessment, for instance	resource/appointing-	Policy 104 –
	where the proposal is for major	landscape-professional/	Landscape
	residential development of 10 or more		Conservation – St
	units or where the floor space to be	https://www.hertfordshir	Albans District
	created is greater than 1000m2, the	e.gov.uk/services/recycl	Local Plan
	application may require instead a formal	ing-waste-and-	Review 1994.
	Landscape and Visual Impact	environment/landscape/	
	Assessment.	landscape.aspx	
	Landscape and Visual Impact		
	Assessments are more detailed and		
	technical studies and should be carried		
	out by a suitably qualified landscape		
	professional, in line with current		
	guidelines.		
Landscape Strategy	Required for all major developments and		National Planning
	when landscaping is being sought.		Policy Framework
	The landscape strategy shall cover all		Policy 74 –
	public and private spaces including open		Landscaping and
	space, sports pitches and play facilities,		Tree Preservation
	green infrastructure, biodiversity habitats,		– St Albans
	water bodies and landscape buffers, and		District Local
	refer to hard surfaces, boundary		Plan Review
	treatment and all soft landscaping		1994.
	proposed. The strategy should build on		
	principles set out in a Design and Access		
	Statement (where relevant).		

Tree Survey and Arboricultural Implications Assessment including Tree Protection Method Statement	 Required when layout is being sought. This is required where: There are significant trees within the site or street trees that may be affected by the development or construction works, including storage of materials; or There is a Tree Preservation Order protecting trees on the application site; or The proposed development is sited near to a protected tree(s) on neighbouring land; or For application sites within Conservation Areas where trees are present. 	BS5837:2012 Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction - Recommendations	National Planning Policy Framework Policy 74 – Landscaping and Tree Preservation – St Albans District Local Plan Review 1994.
Lighting Assessment	Required for all applications where it is proposed to incorporate external flood lighting. A contour plan should be provided which shows the layout of the proposed lighting scheme with beam orientation and lighting spill.		National Planning Policy Framework
Retail Impact Assessment	Required for retail and leisure developments over 2500 square metres and smaller retail and leisure developments likely to have a significant impact on smaller centres. Also required for applications for other main town centre uses when they are an edge of centre or out of centre location;	https://www.gov.uk/guida nce/ensuring-the-vitality- of-town-centres	National Planning Policy Framework

	and not in accordance with the Development Plan Should include details of the sequential test process that supports the chosen site location.			
Noise Impact Assessment / Acoustic Report	 Such an Assessment may be required in the following circumstances (this list is not exhaustive): Where it is proposed to introduce residential development to a noisy environment Where it is proposed to introduce noisy uses/processes which are likely to impact on existing residential development or open countryside The provision of new plant or machinery A Noise Impact Assessment prepared by a suitably qualified acoustician 	https://www.gov.uk/guida nce/noise2	National Planning Policy Framework	
Parameter Plans	Required for schemes proposing 350 dwellings or more.	https://www.gov.uk/guida nce/design	National Planning Policy Framework See <u>article</u> 7(1)(c)(ii) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure	

		(England) (Order) 2015
Parking Strategy including cycle parking provision	 Any new development proposal which provides a level of parking which falls below maximum standards should include a justification for the quantum of parking that is proposed. Existing and proposed arrangements for: Parking and cycle storage Access and turning arrangements for vehicles and pedestrians. 	National Planning Policy Framework Policies 39, 40, 42-45, 47-49 of the St Albans District Local Plan Review 1994
Photographs/Photomontages and Contextual Drawings	This may be shown on the block plan.	See <u>article</u> <u>7(1)(c)(ii) of the</u> Town and
		Country Planning (Development Management Procedure (England) (Order) 2015
Recycling / Waste Strategy	Required when layout is being sought. Required for any new mixed use development, any major development and any development involving blocks of apartments.	National Planning Policy Framework

	 Strategy will need to demonstrate: How refuse and recycling will be stored and collected That the proposal will meet the current waste and recycling requirements and is flexible 		
	enough to adapt to future needs		
Supporting Planning Statement	Required for:	National Planning Policy Framework	
	Applications for 10 or more dwellings, or 0.5 hectares if is not known how many dwellings are proposed	St Albans District Local Plan Review 1994	
	Applications for a building or buildings where the floor space to be created by the development is 1,000 square metres	Harpenden Neighbourhood Plan 2019	
	Application on a site having an area of 1 hectare or more	National Planning Practice	
	 Statements should: Include a full explanation of the proposal including any relevant background or site history Identify the context and need for the proposed development including justifications for proposed change of use where appropriate Include an overview of how the proposal accords with the Local Plan and other relevant 	Guidance	

	 documents Details of any consultation undertaken with statutory consultees and the local community 			
Structural Survey	 Applications involving the reuse of existing buildings or where it is proposed to demolish part of any heritage building due to its condition will require a structural survey. A structural survey should be carried out by a structural engineer or a suitably qualified person Where alteration/demolition is proposed, this should be clearly shown on the floor plans and elevations of the proposal and be cross referenced to the structural survey 		National Planning Policy Framework Policy 87 of the St Albans District Local Plan Review 1994 Harpenden Neighbourhood Plan – Policy H2	
Sustainable Urban Drainage System Strategy	Legislation now requires major to address the management of surface water drainage for statutory assessment by the Lead Local Flood Authority (LLFA) prior to determination by the Local Authority.	https://www.hertfordshire .gov.uk/services/recyclin g-waste-and- environment/water/surfa <u>ce-water-</u> drainage/surface-water- drainage.aspx#Dynamic JumpMenuManager_1 Anchor_3	National Planning Policy Framework	
Transport Assessment	All developments which are likely to generate significant amount of vehicle	https://www.hertfordshire .gov.uk/services/highway	National Planning Policy Framework	

	 movement i.e. major developments Should include sufficient information such that an assessment as to the highways and traffic impact arising from the proposed development can be made. Likely to include: the existing conditions development details predicted person trip generation and mode splits predicted residual vehicular trip generation based on proposed travel plan measures distribution of residual vehicular trips junction capacity assessments details of the proposed mitigation measures A Green Travel Plan may also be required by the Local Highway Authority. 	<u>s-roads-and-</u> <u>pavements/business-</u> <u>and-developer-</u> <u>information/development</u> <u>-management/highways-</u> <u>development-</u> <u>management.aspx#prea</u> <u>pplication</u>	Policy 34 St Albans District Local Plan Review 1994
Statement of Community Involvement	May be required where development falls within the requirements of Section 122 of the Localism Act 2011 (amending Section 61 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990).		National Planning Practice Guidance
Draft S106 Heads of Terms	Required for all Major developments. This information should set out what	https://www.hertfordshire .gov.uk/about-the- council/freedom-of-	National Planning Policy Framework

Ventilation/Extraction Statement	planning obligations may be required, to mitigate the impact of the development proposed on social and community infrastructure.	information-and-council- data/open-data- statistics-about- hertfordshire/who-we- are-and-what-we- do/property/planning- obligations- guidance.aspx# https://www.hertfordshire .gov.uk/services/highway s-roads-and- pavements/business- and-developer- information/development -management/highways- development- management.aspx#prea pplication The District Council's Community Services Team will also be consulted on any application and may request financial contributions towards Leisure facilities.	National Planning	
	residential use where ventilation or	and design of ventilation	National Flamming	

	extraction equipment is proposed or will be required.	and extraction equipment, including odour abatement techniques and acoustic noise characteristics are required.	Policy Framework	
Viability Appraisal	A financial viability appraisal is required where there is a planning policy requirement to provide affordable housing or where the proposed development departs from other planning policy requirements due to viability.	Financial viability appraisals should be accompanied by: • an executive summary which outlines the key conclusions being drawn from the appraisal for the lay reader; and • a fully testable and editable electronic/software model which explicitly shows the calculations and assumptions used in the planning application. Applicants should meet the cost of reviewing financial viability appraisals, or provide a solicitor's undertaking to pay, for an application requiring a financial viability appraisal to be validated.	National Planning Policy Framework Policy 7A of the St Albans District Local Plan Review 1994 SPG – Affordable Housing (March 2004)	

Harpenden Neighbourhood	In addition to the above requirements, for	Harpenden
Plan Requirements	major applications within the	Neighbourhood
	Neighbourhood Plan area, the following	Plan 2019
	documents may also be required (this list	
	is not exhaustive):	https://www.harp
	 Sustainability Statement 	<u>enden.gov.uk/nei</u>
	Dwelling Mix Statement	<u>ghbourhood-plan</u>
	Public Open Space Provision	
	Statement	
	Design Brief	
	Utilities and Infrastructure	
	Statement	
	Carbon Dioxide Emissions	
	Statement	
	Healthcare Provision Statement	
	Retail and Employment Statement	

Applicants are referred to Paragraphs 39-42 of the National Planning Policy Framework (February 2019) regarding pre-application engagement. The Council has a pre-application advice service and encourages applicants to use this service. Further details can be found on the Council's website: <u>http://www.stalbans.gov.uk/planning/makingaplanningapplication/householderpreapp.aspx</u>